



Seattle Transit Measure (STM) Service Prioritization

Northwest Transit Exchange
October 3rd, 2024

Purpose & Outline

Purpose:

- Share SDOT's methodology for distributing transit service investments, and get your feedback

Outline:

- Seattle Transit Measure (STM) Background
- Transit Service Prioritization Methodology
- Origin-Destination Data
- Discussion

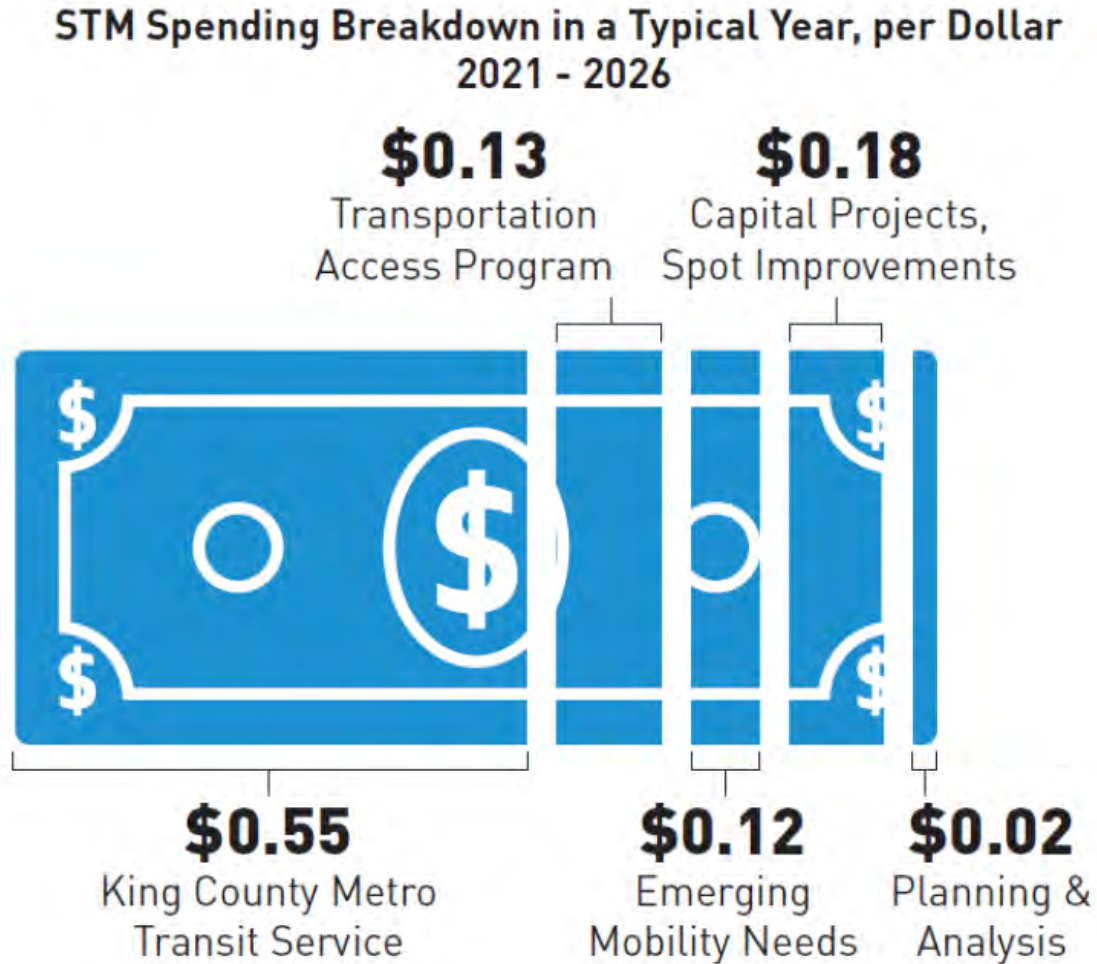


STM Background

- Seattle Transit Measure (STM) approved in November 2020 with 80% voter approval
- Replaced the 2015 Seattle Transit Benefit District (STBD) Prop 1 (expired 2020)
- Levies a 0.15% sales and use tax (equivalent of \$0.15 on a \$100 purchase) from April 2021 – March 2027
- Raises ~\$50M/year on average for transit service and access improvements



STM Background – Funding Allocation



STM Background – Investment Approach

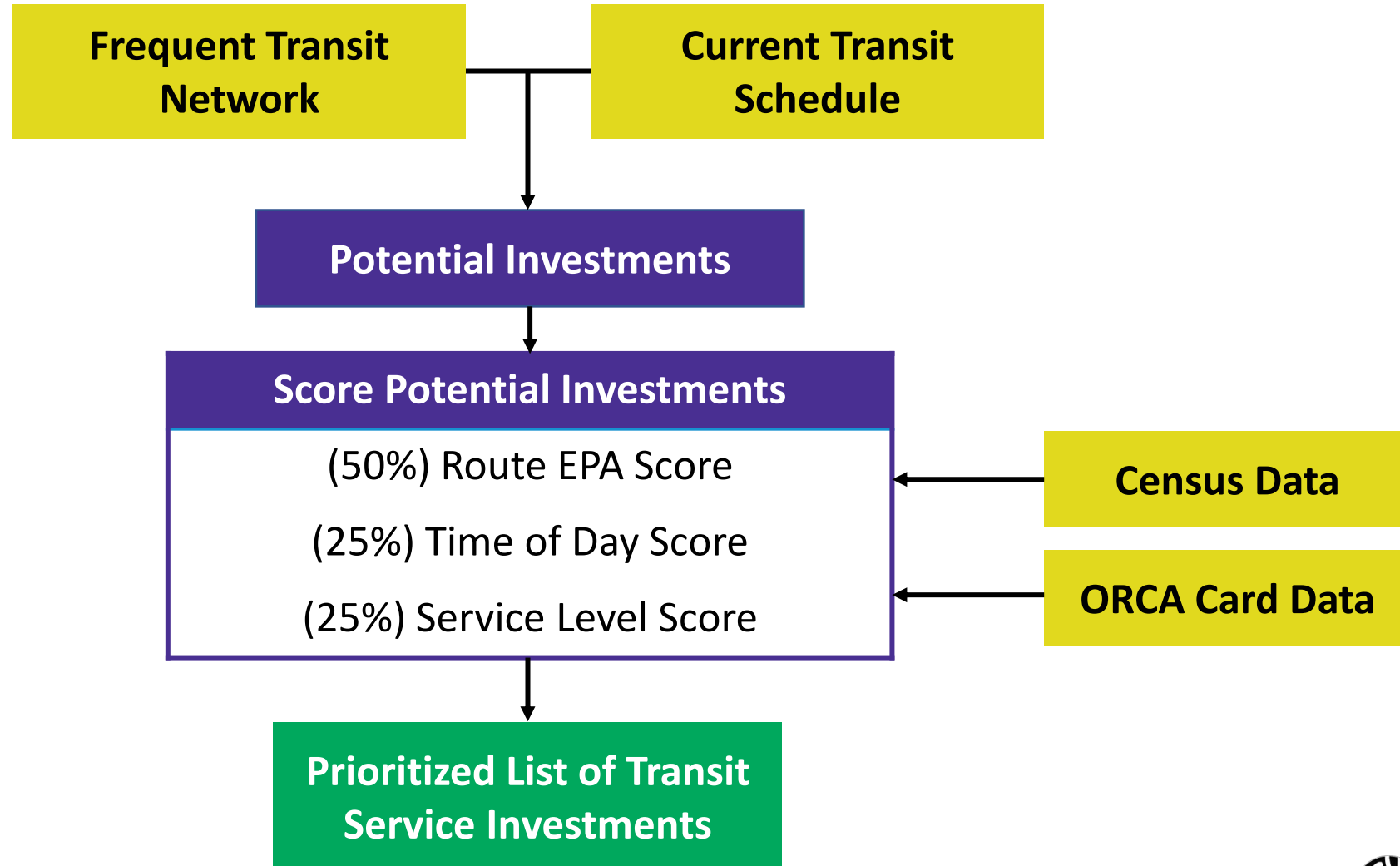
- STBD (2015-2020)
 - Based on Metro’s Service Guidelines and gaps in the Frequent Transit Network.
 - Targeting investments in high-growth areas and future Rapidride corridors.
 - Equity analyses conducted in 2016 and 2017 overlaid service investments with demographic data on race, low-income households, people with disabilities, and zero car households. This data was used to inform future investments.

STM Background – Investment Approach

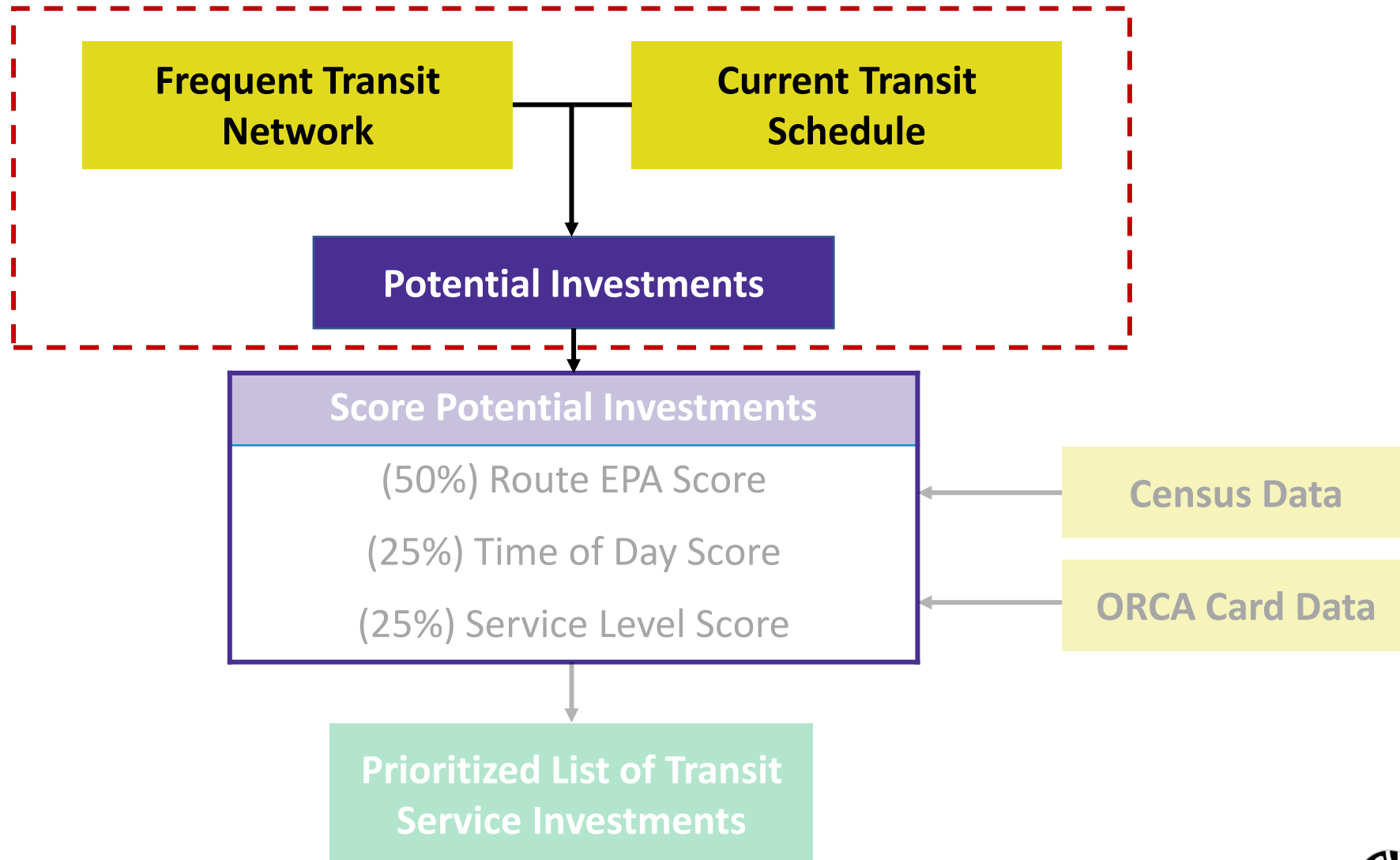
- STM (2021-2027)
 - 84,000 annual service hours were carried forward from STBD.
 - Spending decisions focus on *“the needs of Black, Indigenous, and People of Color [BIPOC] and benefit these and other historically underserved communities, including low-income households, people with disabilities and other priority populations identified in SDOT’s Transportation Equity program.”*
 - Racial Equity Toolkit (RET) completed in 2021, leading to the development of the Transit Service Prioritization Methodology.

Transit Service Prioritization Methodology

Investment Prioritization Methodology



Investment Prioritization Methodology

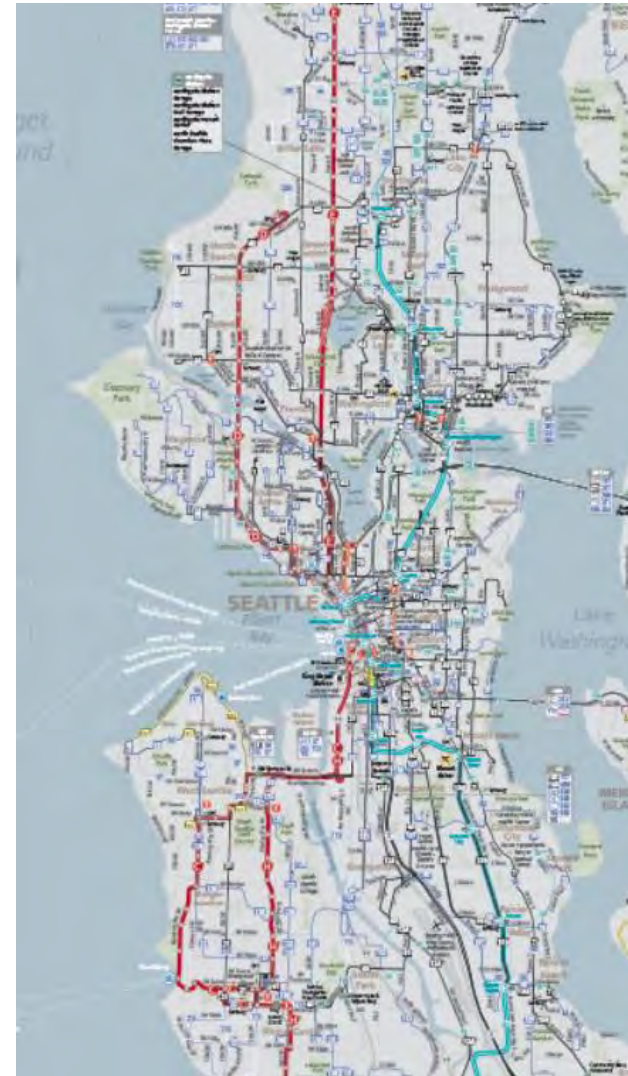


1) Identify Potential Investments

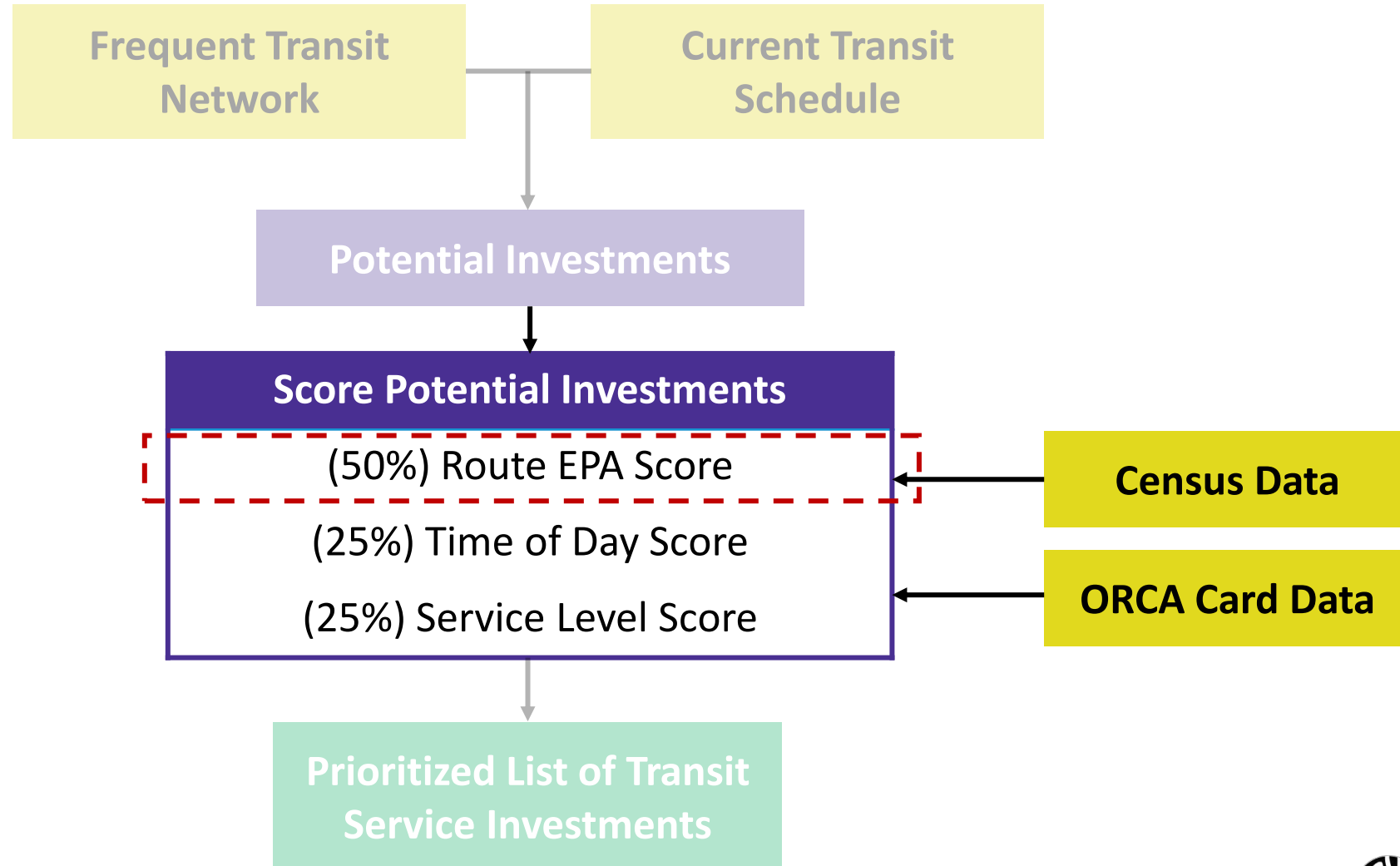
Frequent Transit Network (FTN)



Current Transit Schedule



Investment Prioritization Methodology

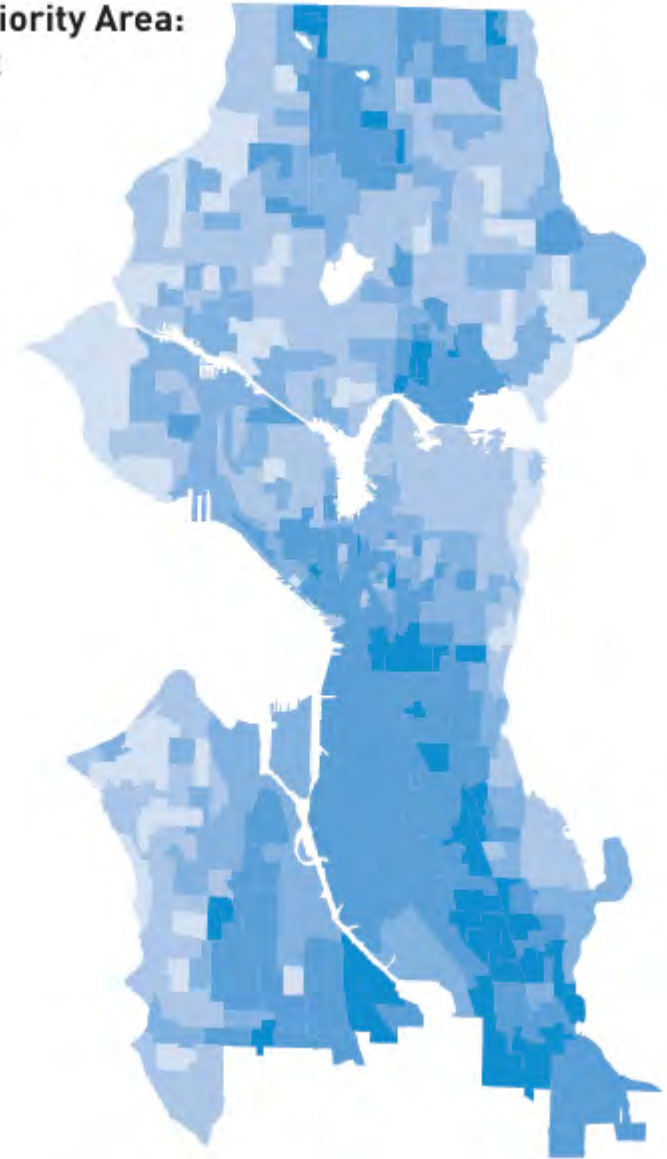


2) Score – Route EPA

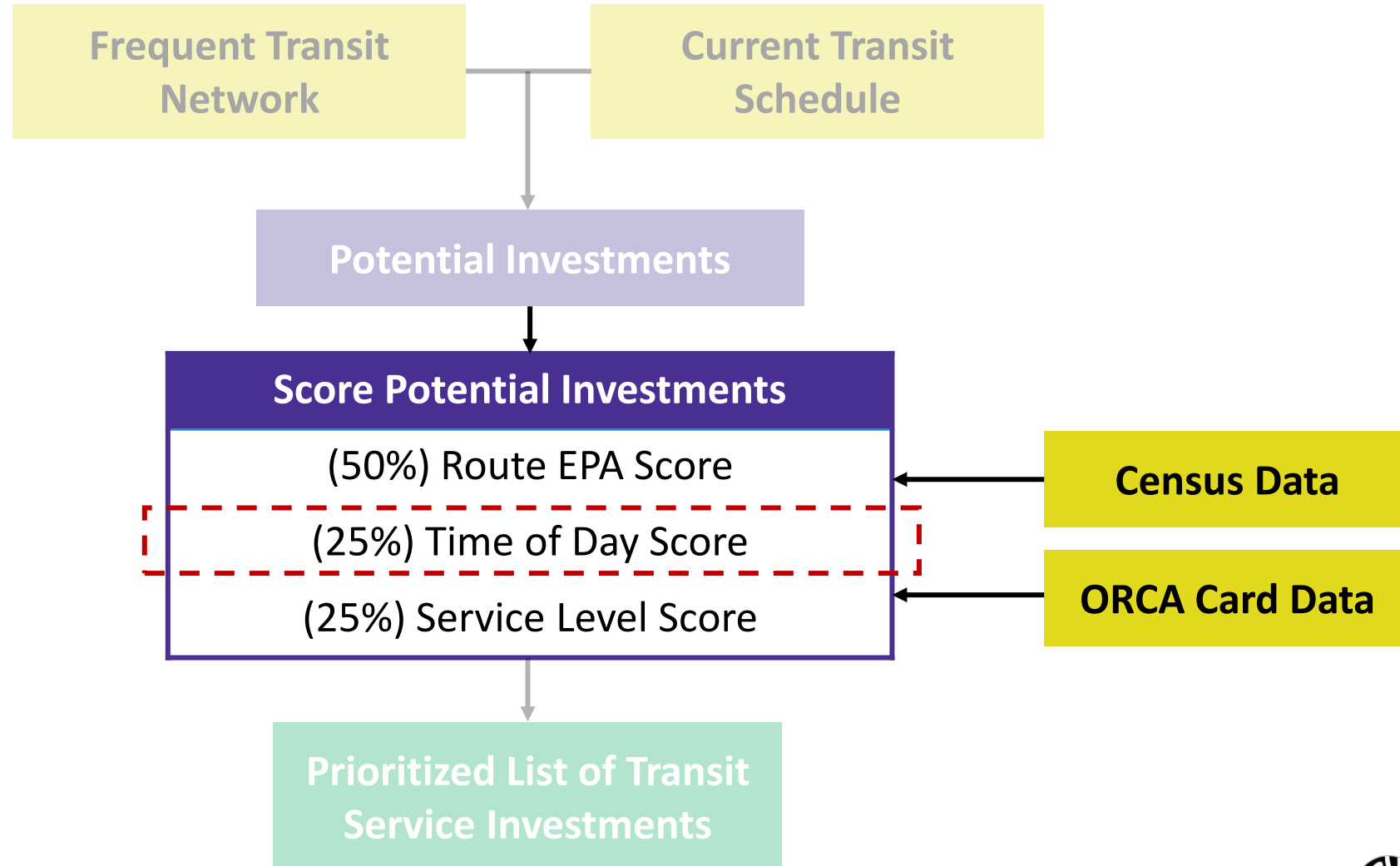
- American Community Survey data is used to give each census block group in King County an Equity Priority score.
- Routes are assigned an Equity Priority score based on the average score of each bus stop the route serves, weighted by the number of trips serving the stop weekly. A bus stop's score is the same as the block group it is within.

Population Characteristic	Weight
% Pop. that are Black, Indigenous, or People of Color	40%
% Pop. with income below 200% federal poverty level	30%
% Pop. that are foreign born	10%
% Pop. that have a disability (ages 20-64)	10%
% Households with limited English proficiency	10%

Equity Priority Area:
July 2022



Investment Prioritization Methodology

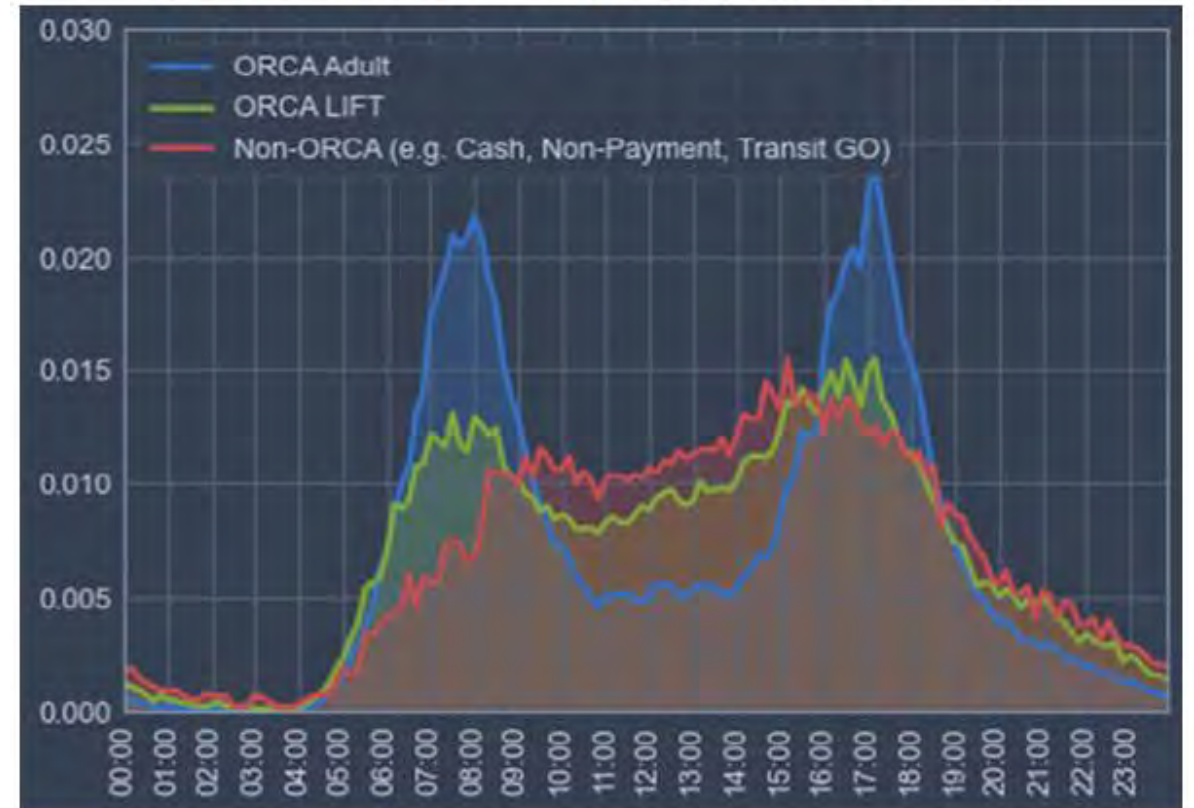


2) Score – Time of Day

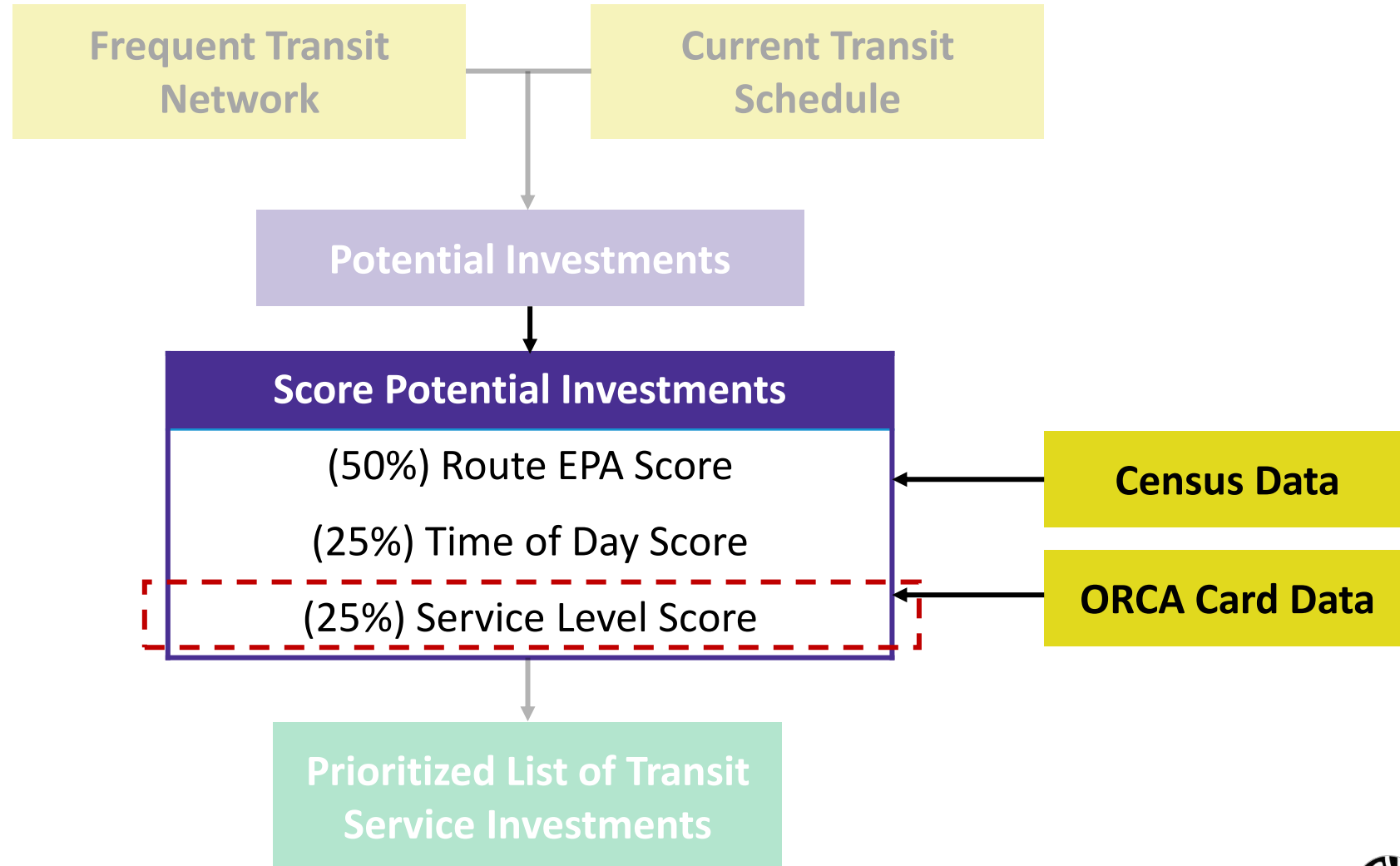
- Potential investments receive higher scores if they would add trips during times when priority populations make up a disproportionate share of total riders, based on ORCA data.
- For each route, day of week, and hour, the percent of all ridership using reduced fare ORCA cards is used to assign a score from 1 to 5.



Figure 9. Time of Day and Percent of Trips by ORCA Card Type.



Investment Prioritization Methodology

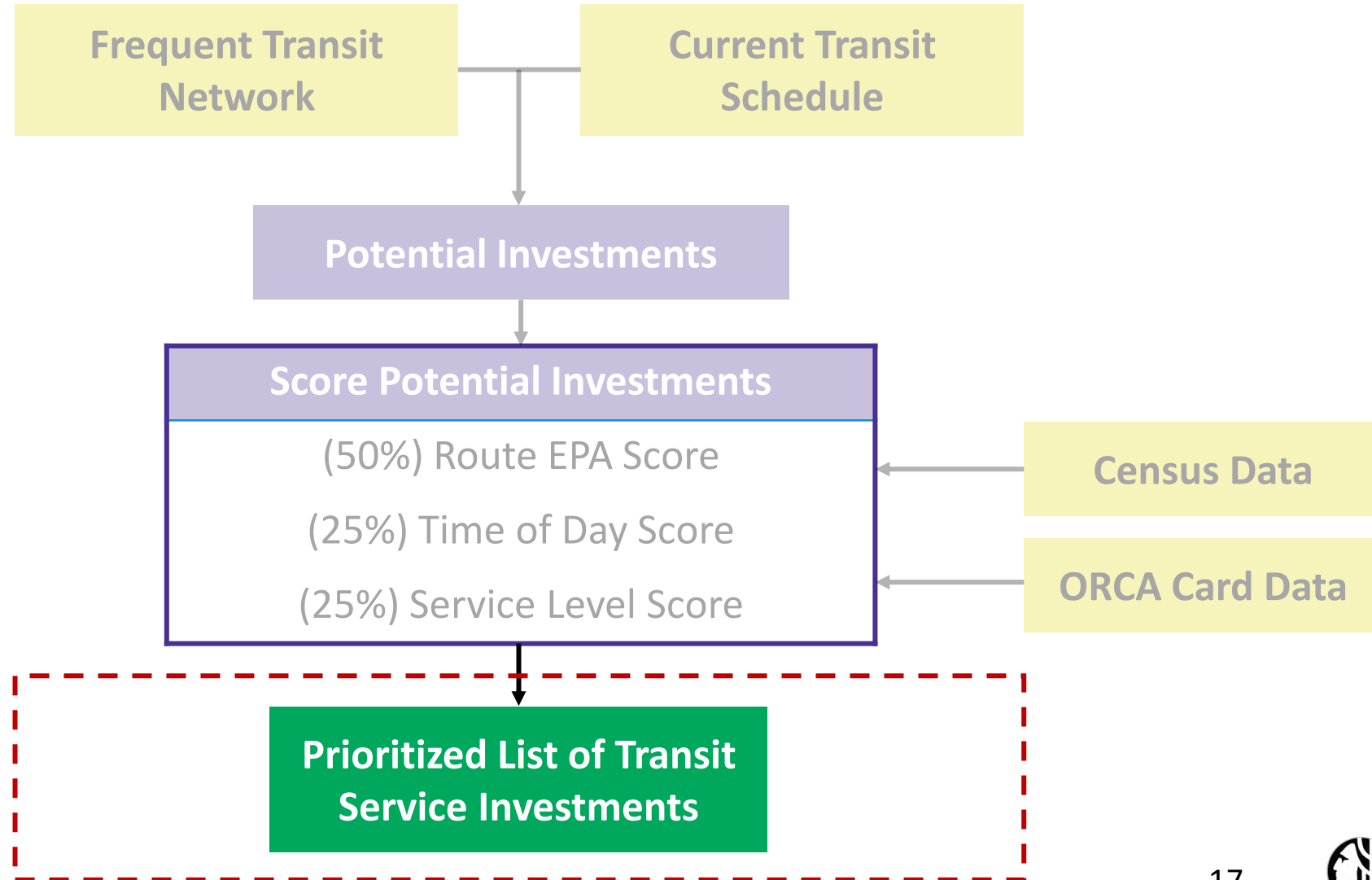


2) Score – Service Level

- Prioritizes routes that are further below their targets while also ensuring a minimum acceptable level of service across the city.
- Potential investments are scored 1 to 5.

Service Level Investment	Target Service Level	Score (invest)	Score (gap to target)	Overall Service Level Score
Local	Very Frequent	5	5	5
Local	Frequent	5	3	4
Local	Local	5	1	3
Frequent	Very Frequent	3	3	3
Frequent	Frequent	3	1	2
Very Frequent	Very Frequent	1	1	1

Investment Prioritization Methodology



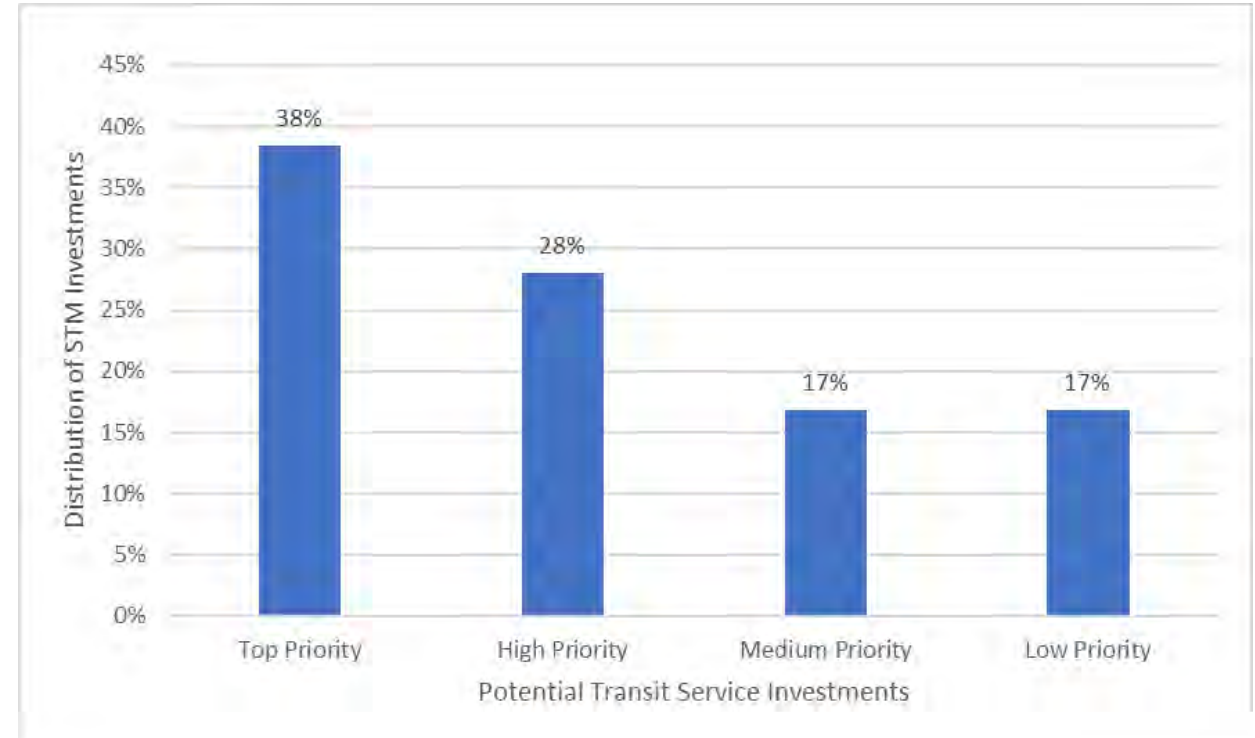
3) Prioritized List of Service Adds

Fall 2024 Service Adds

Route	Target	Trip Adds	Score
107	Frequent: 15	1 Sunday trip	3.77
H Line	Frequent: 10 Plus	2 Sunday trips; 2 Saturday trips	3.72
124	Frequent: 15	1 Saturday trip; 2 Sunday trips	3.63
60	Frequent: 10	1 Saturday trip	3.61
107	Frequent: 15	33 Weekday trips	3.60
125	Local	5 Weekday Evening trips	3.55
107	Frequent: 15	52 Saturday trips; 52 Sunday trips	3.53
60	Frequent: 10	44 Saturday trips; 44 Sunday trips	3.48
H Line	Frequent: 10 Plus	52 Saturday trips; 52 Sunday trips	3.47
125	Local	19 Saturday trips; 52 Sunday trips	3.47
36	Frequent: 10 Plus	36 Sunday trips; 12 Saturday trips	3.46

Evaluation of Previous STM Service Investments

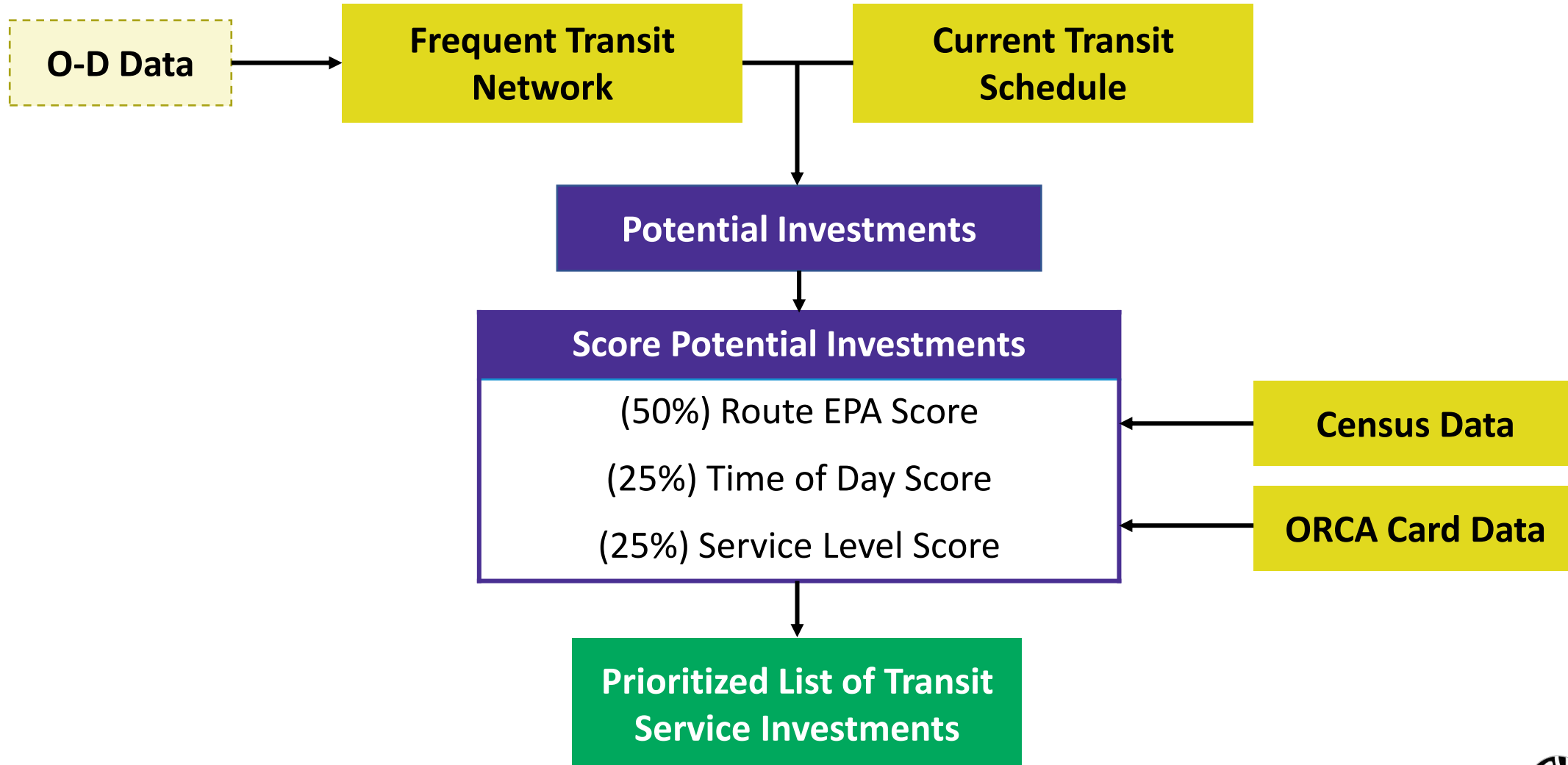
- In the 2022 STM Annual Report, SDOT pledged to use the new prioritization methodology to evaluate previous service investments beginning in 2023.
- **Evaluation Goal:** Understand how STM service investments made before 2023 stack up against all potential investments using new methodology
- Evaluation completed in Q4 2023; results indicated:
 - Generally good alignment of investments with prioritization methodology ranking
 - Should reallocate lowest priority investments into the top priority group



Origin-Destination Data



Investment Prioritization Methodology



Map Layers

- Transit
- Data: Trips by Origin

Layer Data

Trips by Origin

Geo Breakdown

Block groups 2020

View As

Total Trips

Color Palette

Number of Breaks

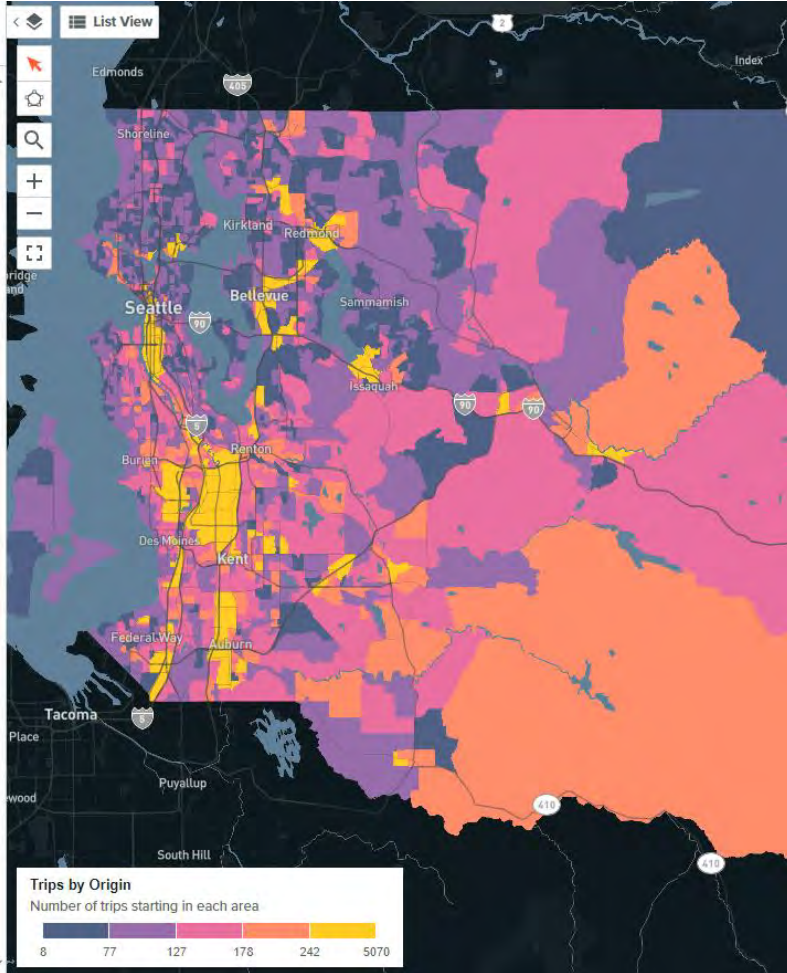
5

Opacity

100 %

Show Geography Border

Download Layer Data



Map Layers

- Transit
- Data: Trips by Destination

Layer Data

Trips by Destination

Geo Breakdown

Block groups 2020

View As

Total Trips

Color Palette

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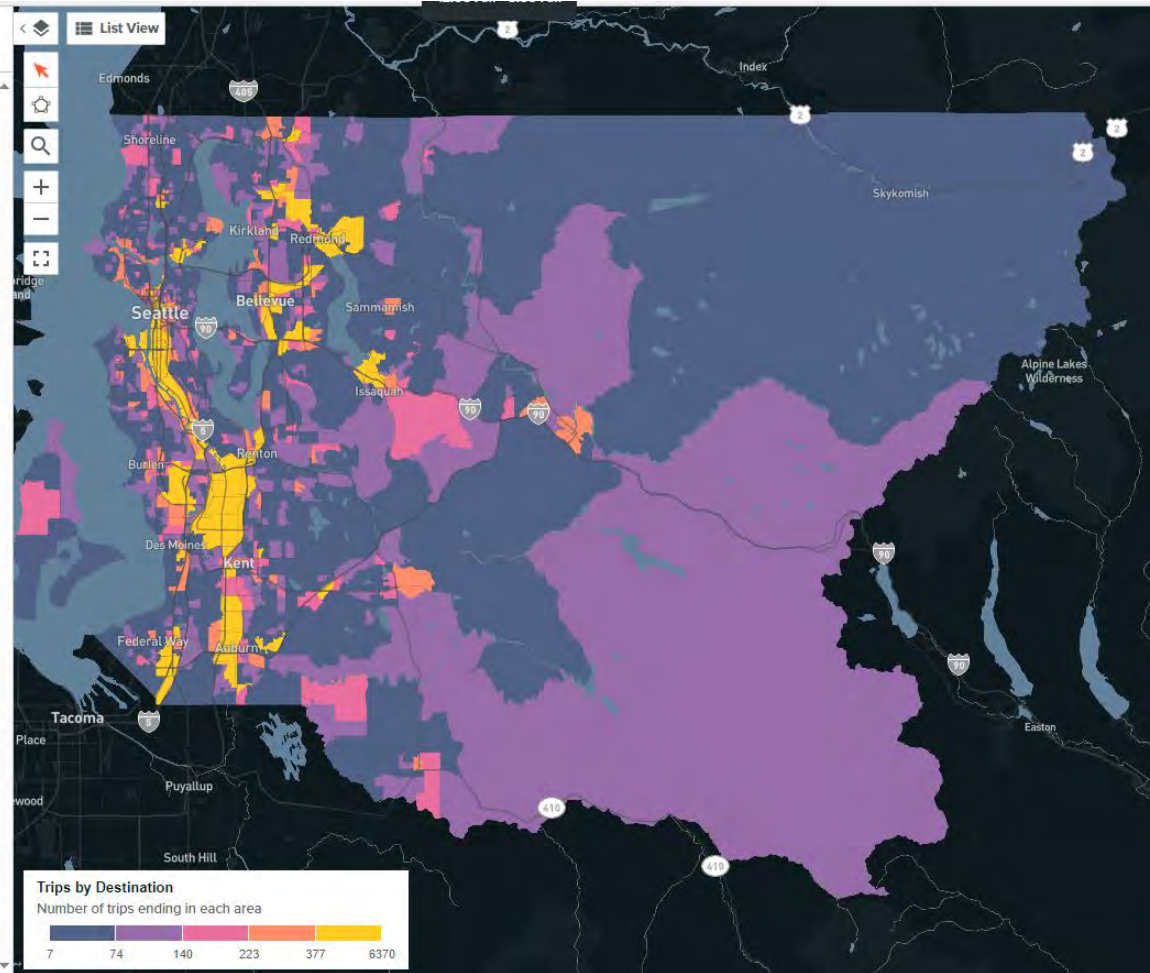
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Thank you!

